## STATE OF ILLINOIS SECRETARY OF STATE SECURITIES DEPARTMENT

## IN THE MATTER OF: FERNANDO GARCIA MORILLO

) FILE NO. 0500669

## **NOTICE OF HEARING**

TO THE RESPONDENT:

Fernando Garcia Morillo

(CRD#: 2641457) 220 Greenwood Drive

Key Biscayne, Florida 33149

C/o Citigroup Global Markets, Inc.

Registration Department 333 West 34<sup>th</sup> Street 7th Floor New York, New York 10001

C/o Jerry M. Santangelo

Attorney At Law

Neal, Gerber & Eisenberg LLP

2 N. LaSalle Street

Chicago, Illinois 60602-3801

You are hereby notified that pursuant to Section 111 of the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 [815 ELCS 5] (the "Act") and 14 Ill. Adm. Code 130, Subpart K, a public hearing will be held at 69 West Washington Street, Suite 1220, Chicago, Illinois 60602, on the 10th day of May, 2006, at the hour of 10:00 a.m., or as soon as possible thereafter, before James L. Kopecky, Esq. or such other duly designated Hearing Officer of the Secretary of State.

Said hearing will be held to determine whether an Order shall be entered which would deny Fernando Garcia Morillo's (the "Respondent"), registration as a salesperson in the State of Illinois and/or granting such other relief as may be authorized under the Act including but not limited to the imposition of a monetary fine in the maximum amount pursuant to Section 1 LE of the Act, payable within ten (10) business days of the entry of the Order.

The grounds for such proposed action are as follows:

1. That on December 5, 2005, Citigroup Global Markets, Inc., a registered dealer, filed a Form U-4 application for registration of the Respondent as a salesperson in the State of Illinois.

- 2. That on March 1, 2006, a Summary Order of Denial (the "Order") was issued by the Secretary of State denying this application. Pursuant to the terms of the Order, on March 17, 2006 the Respondent requested a hearing
- 3. That on June 2, 2004, an Exchange Hearing Panel of the New York Stock Exchange Inc. (NYSE) accepted a Stipulation of Fact and Consent to Penalty entered into between the Exchange's Division of Enforcement and the Respondent (Decision) in File No. 04-87 which imposed the following sanctions:
  - a. censure;
  - b. \$75,000 fine; and
  - c. one-month suspension from membership, allied membership, approved person status, and from employment or association in any capacity with any Exchange member or member organization.

## 4. That the Decision found:

- a. As set forth below, between December 1997 and March 2001, the Respondent improperly effected post-execution allocations with respect to hundred of trades for institutional customers. These delays continued even though he received both a letter of caution and a letter of education from the Firm concerning the impropriety of these delays. As a result of the untimely trade allocations, the Respondent and his institutional customers had inordinate latitude in choosing which accounts would receive the trades and the ability, if they were so inclined, to grant preferential treatment to certain customers or disadvantage other customers. In addition, his improper order handling procedures caused books and records violations.
- b. During the relevant period, the Respondent and another broker in the Miami branch office jointly serviced accounts for South American institutions and other customers. These customers placed trade orders by contacting the Respondent and/or the other broker, who typically called the Firm's trading desk to place the orders.
- c. During the relevant period, when these institutional customers purchased certain quantities of securities, they frequently were not prompt in providing the Respondent with specific account information related to the allocation of trades effected on the institutions' behalf.
- d. Securities and Exchange Commission Regulations 240.17a-3(a)(b) and (7), promulgated pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934

(the "1934 Act"), require, in relevant part, that a memorandum of each brokerage order be made, which includes the time of entry and the account for which the order is entered.

- e. Exchange Rule 440 requires that a member firm organization make and preserve books and records as the Exchange may prescribe and as prescribed by SEC Regulations 240.17a-3 and 240.17a-4.
- f. Exchange Rule 410 provides, in pertinent part, that a record of every order transmitted directly or indirectly by such member or organization to the Floor shall include the name and amount of the security, the terms of the order, the time when it was so transmitted, and the time at which a report of execution was received.
- g. The Firm's written policy required brokers to prepare and time stamp an order ticket for customer orders called in by telephone to a trading desk. In addition, under Firm policy, a registered representative may not place an order unless the account name and number of shares for each account are known at the time the order is placed with trading desk. The Firm's policy further required brokers to submit completed telephone order tickets to the operations department within 15 minutes of the telephone order.
- h. The Firm's procedures, as applied in the Miami branch office, were not adequately implemented in order to prevent the improper post-execution allocation of customer trades during the relevant period.
- i. Specifically, during the relevant period, institutional customers serviced by the Respondent regularly did not provide him with any account numbers prior to the time that he placed an institutional order with the trading desk. In such instances, he typically held the order ticket until the institution provided him with account numbers indicating which accounts were to receive the securities.
- j. The practices frequently resulted in the Respondent's trades being allocated to certain customer accounts over two hours, or significantly longer, after the telephone orders were placed with the trading desk.
- k. In January 1998, the Respondent received a letter of caution for failing to enter trade allocations timely for the types of orders described above. Nonetheless, these allocation delays continued during 1998. For example, in October 1998, the Respondent was responsible for approximately 64 late allocations in the Miami branch. In addition, one year later, in January 1999, he was responsible for approximately 69 late allocations and was also responsible for delays in other months in 1999.

- 1. In 2000, the following year, there were still significant delayed trade allocations to customer accounts attributable to the Respondent.
- m. As a result, the Respondent was issued a letter of education, which delineated problems he continued to have with allocation delays and warned him that future violations could result in reversal of commissions and fines. Nonetheless, the problems continued during 2000 and 2001.
- n. The delays cited above allowed the Respondent and his institutional customers inordinate latitude in choosing which accounts would receive the trades and therefore gave them the ability, if they were so inclined, to grant preferential treatment to certain customers or disadvantage other customers.
- o. In addition to the improper post trade allocations described above, hundreds of order tickets for which the Respondent was responsible were improperly time stamped, making it impossible to determine the time at which trades were allocated and/or entered with the trading desk.
- p. As a result, the Respondent failed to make and preserve required records related to the designation and execution of customer orders.
- q. That by virtue of the foregoing, the Respondent:
  - i. Effected improper post-execution allocation of customer trades, which resulted in ability to grant preferential treatment to certain customers.
  - ii. Caused violations of Exchange Rules 410, 440 and SEC Regulations 240.17a-3 and 17a-4 by failing to make required records relating to designation and execution of customer orders.
- 5. That Section 8.E(1)(j) of the Act provides, <u>inter alia</u>, that the registration of a salesperson may be denied if the Secretary of State finds that such salesperson has been suspended by any self-regulatory organization registered under the Federal 1934 Act or the Federal 1974 Act arising from any fraudulent or deceptive act or a practice in violation of any rule, regulation or standard duly promulgated by the self-regulatory organization.
- 6. That the NASD is a self-regulatory organization as specified in Section 8.E(1)(j) of the Act.

5

7. That by virtue of the foregoing, the Respondent's registration as a salesperson in the State of Illinois is subject to denial pursuant to Section 8.E(1)(j) of the Act.

You are further notified that you are required pursuant to Section 130.1104 of the Rules and Regulations (14 Ill. Adm. Code 130) (the "Rules"), to file an answer to the allegations outlined above within thirty (30) days of the receipt of this notice. A failure to file an answer within the prescribed time shall be construed as an admission of the allegations contained in the Notice of Hearing.

Furthermore, you may be represented by legal counsel; may present evidence; may cross- examine witnesses and otherwise participate. A failure to so appear shall constitute default, unless any Respondent has upon due notice moved for and obtained a continuance.

A copy of the Rules, promulgated under the Act and pertaining to Hearings held by the Office of the Secretary of State, Securities Department, is included with this Notice.

Delivery of notice to the designated representative of any Respondent constitutes service upon such Respondent.

Dated: This 27th day of March 2006.

JESSE WHITE
Secretary of State
State of Illinois

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